

DE LA RECHERCHE À L'INDUSTRIE



Turbulent transport analysis of JET H-MODE and hybrid plasmas using Qualikiz, TGLF and GLF23

**B. Baiocchi, J. Garcia,
C. Bourdelle, F. Imbeaux**



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19th February 2012

UNDERSTANDING THE KEY ASPECTS AND NUMERICALLY REPRODUCE TOKAMAK **ADVANCED SCENARIOS** FOR JET

-> to carry out the same analysis on advanced scenarios of different existing and future machines (JT60U, ITER..)

- **Qualikiz**

- **TGLF**

- validation:
 - in their stand alone version;
 - coupled with CRONOS for H-modes, comparison with **GLF23**
- study of advanced scenarios

TGLF: benchmark needed: - stand alone version
- TGLF + CRONOS with TGLF + ASTRA,
TGYRO and JETTO in progress

- **Coupling of TGLF to CRONOS and validation:**

- > simulated 2 JET H-mode discharges (73342, 73344): Ti, Te

- > simulated 2 JET hybrid discharges (75225, 77922): Ti, Te

- **Validation of coupling of QuaLiKiz to CRONOS:**

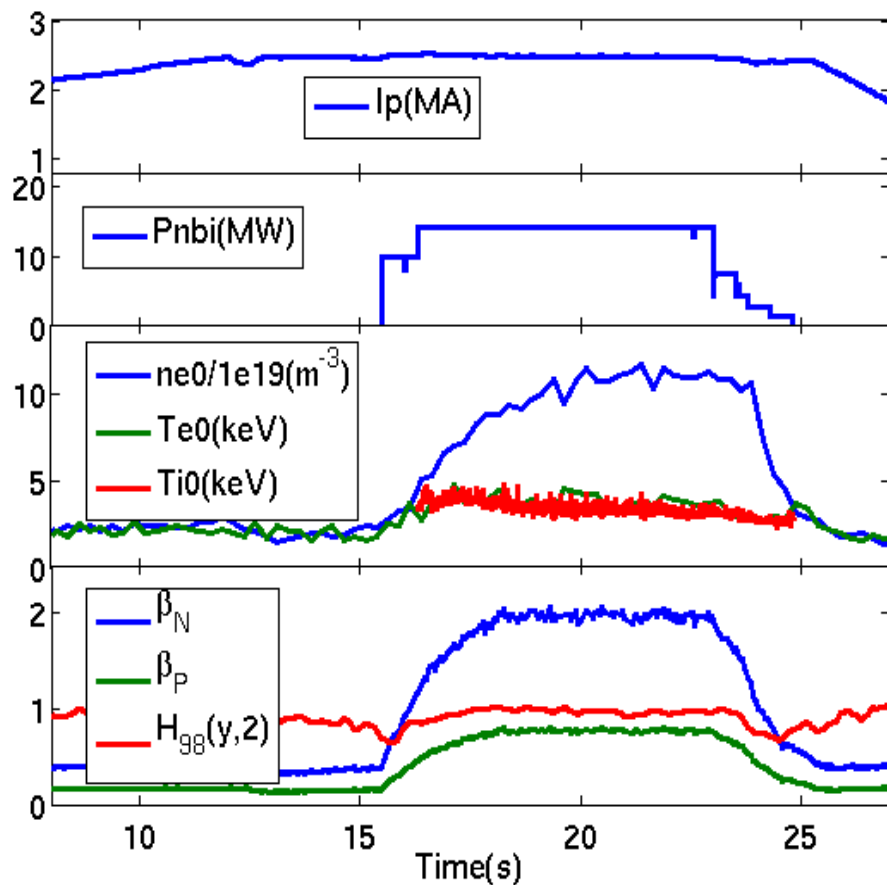
- > simulated 2 JET H-mode discharges (73342, 73344): Ti, Te

- > simulated 2 JET hybrid discharges (75225, 77922): Ti, Te

- **Comparison with GLF23**

specifics of the transport models in the simulations done until now :

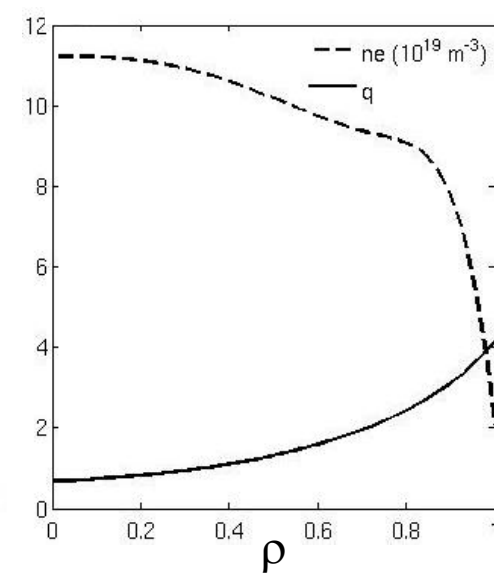
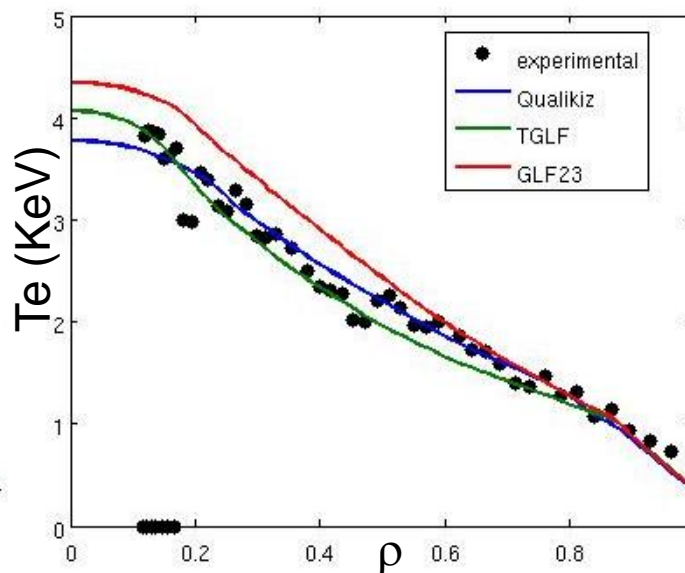
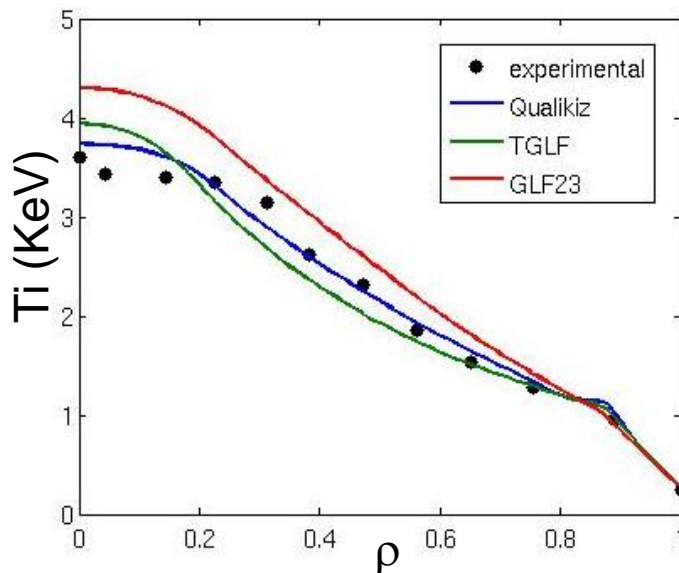
- **Qualikiz:** - electrostatic
 - s-alpha geometry
 - no effect of rotation;
- **TGLF:** - electromagnetic
 - Miller geometry
 - no effect of rotation (not included yet in the version for CRONOS);
- **GLF23:** - electrostatic
 - s-alpha geometry
 - ExB shear effect.



I_p (MA)	2.5
B_t (T)	2.7
q_{95}	3.4
κ/δ	1.74/0.42
β_N/β_p	2.0/0.80
f_{GW}	1.0
$H_{98}(y,2)$	1.0
P_{nbi} (MW)	15

High density H-mode

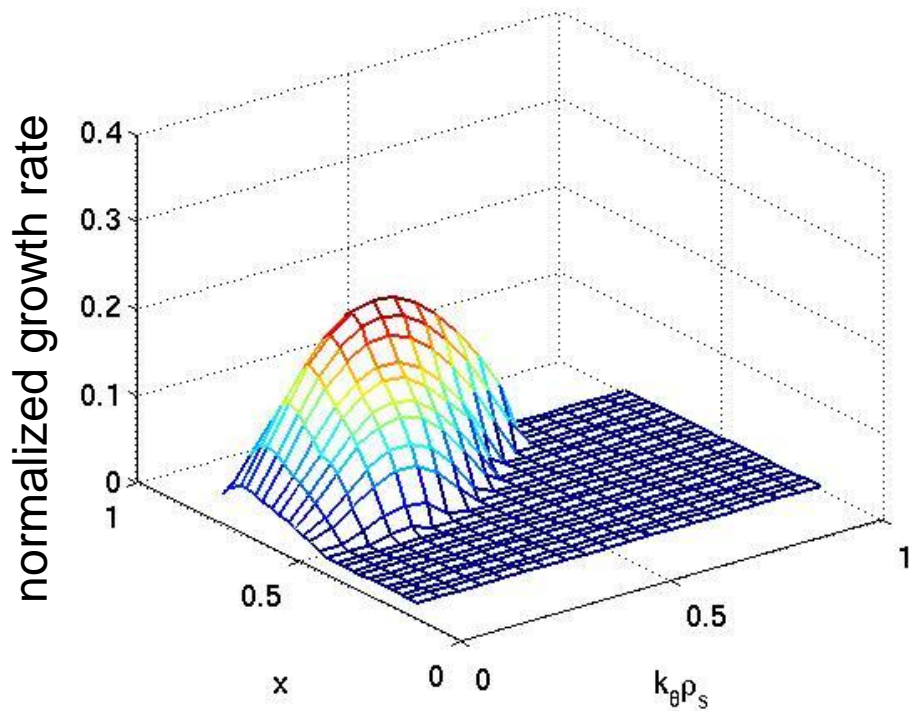
t = 20.1 s



- Very good agreement between **Qualikiz** and experimental data
- **TGLF** is in good agreement (experimental data slightly underestimated)
- **GLF23** overestimates slightly the data
- $\rho_{tn} < 0.3$: presence of sawteeth that are not simulated

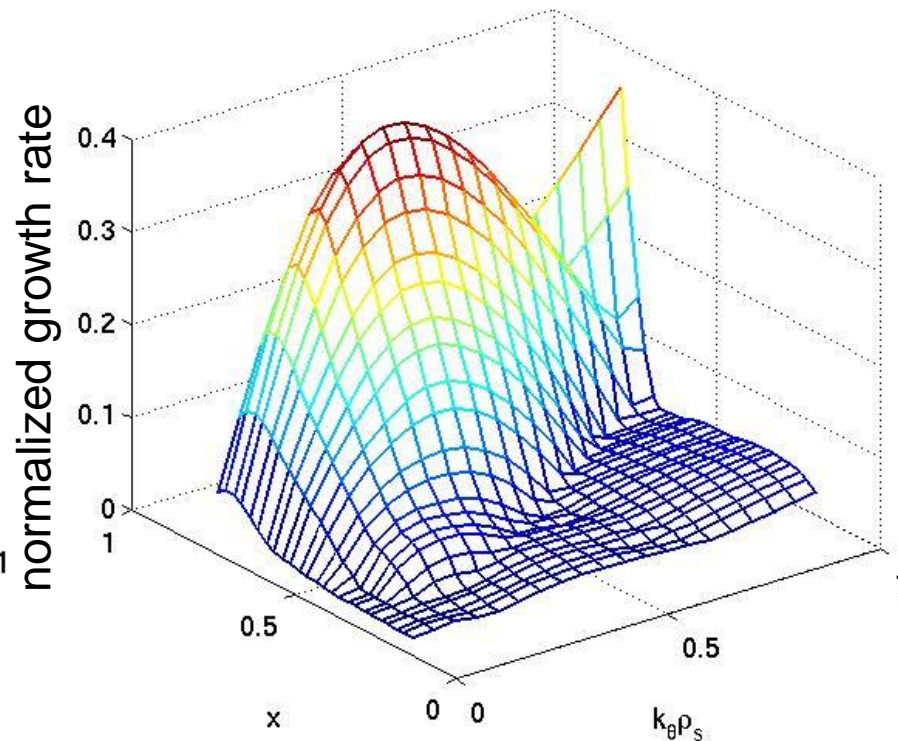
Qualikiz , TGLF and GLF23 reproduce reasonably well the T profiles

Qualikiz



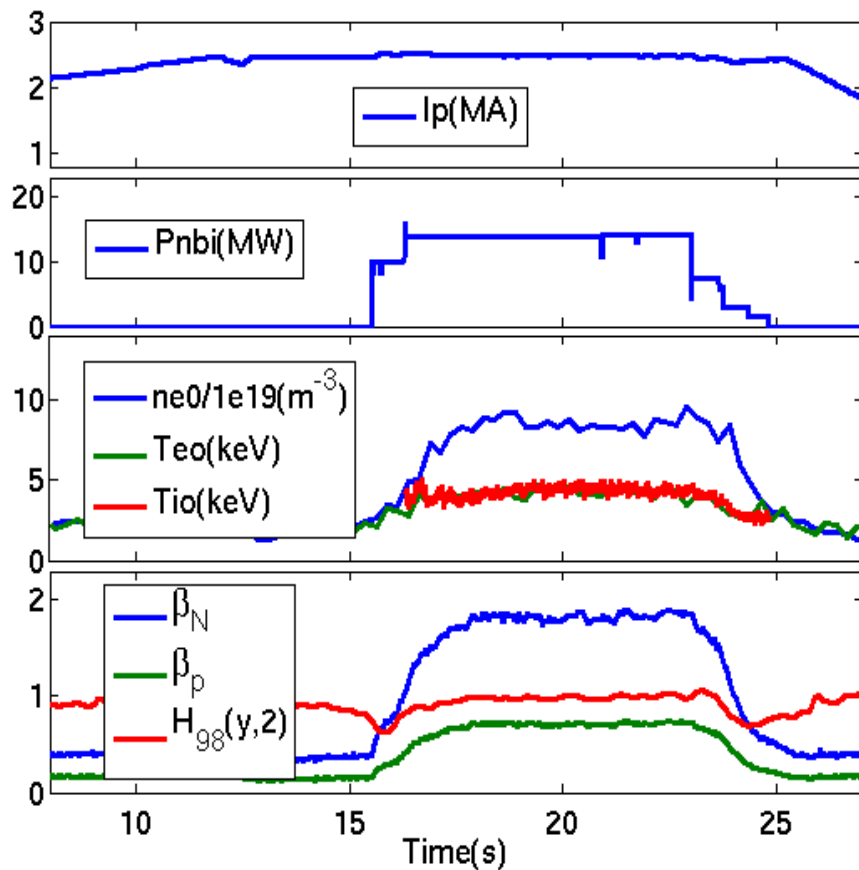
Electrostatic, s-alpha geometry

TGLF



Electromagnetic, Miller geometry

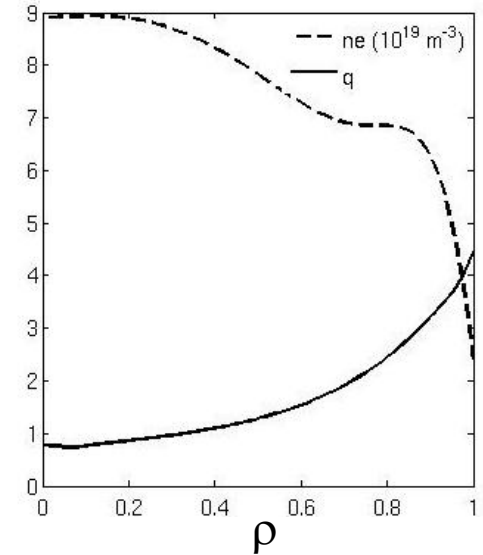
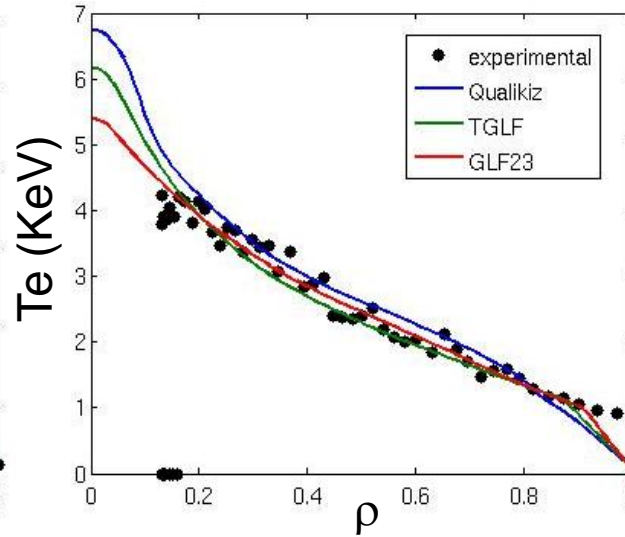
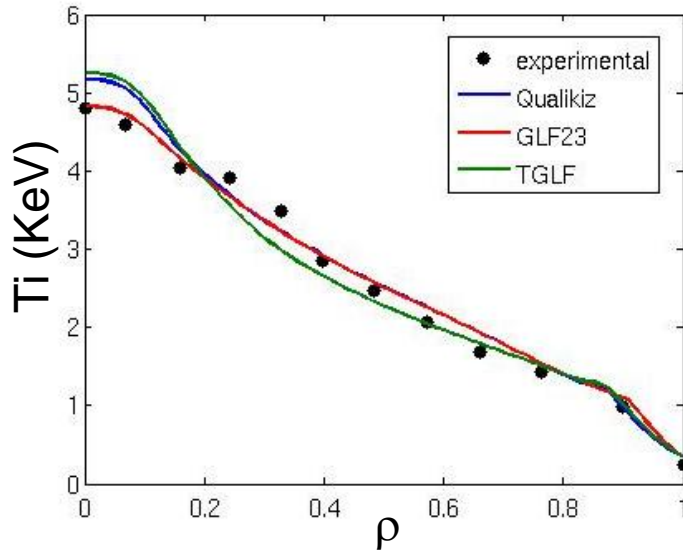
Qualikiz tends to be more stable in the central part of the plasma



I_p (MA)	2.5
B_t (T)	2.7
q_{95}	3.4
κ/δ	1.74/0.39
β_N/β_p	1.5/0.85
f_{GW}	0.75
$H_{98}(y,2)$	0.95
P_{nbi} (MW)	15

Standard H-mode

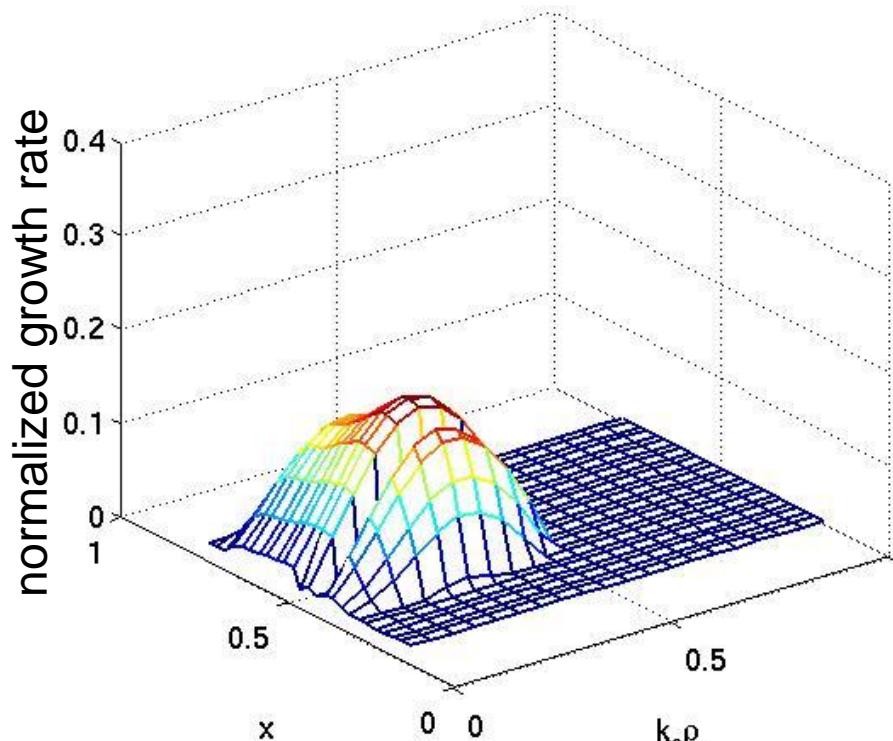
t = 18,8 s



- $0.2 < \rho_{tn} < 0.8$: - **Qualikiz** and **GLF23** very similar behaviour, good agreement with data
- experimental points are well reproduced by **TGLF** too
- no 'artificial' anomalous coefficients imposed in the centre
- $\rho_{tn} > 0.8$: qualikiz suffers at high s

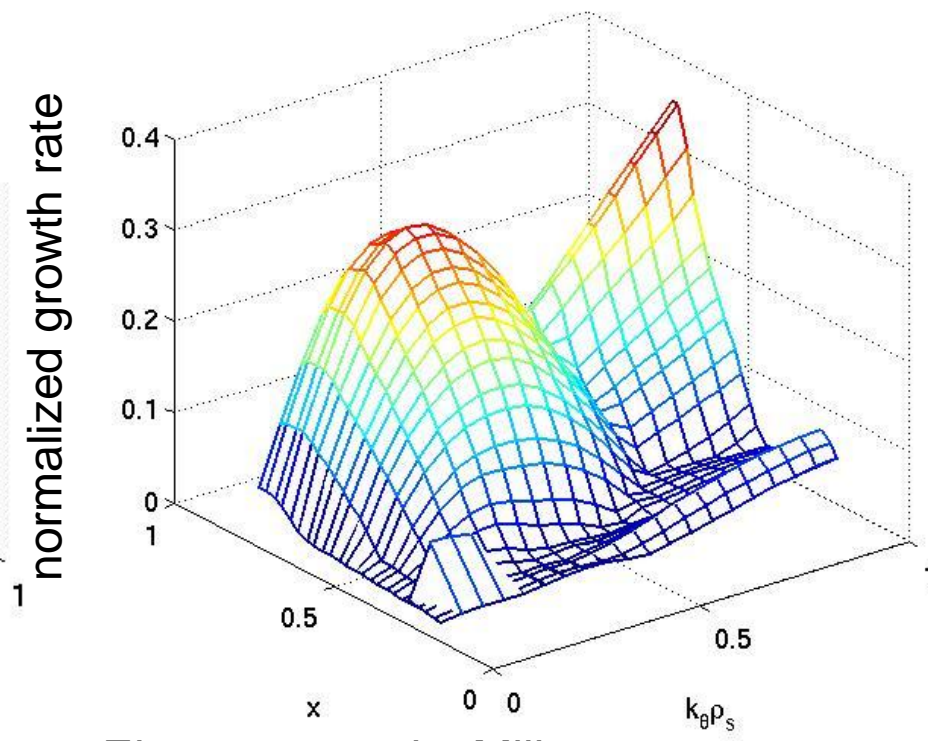
Qualikiz , TGLF and GLF23 agree with experimental T profiles in the core ($0.2 < \rho_{tn} < 0.8$)

Qualikiz



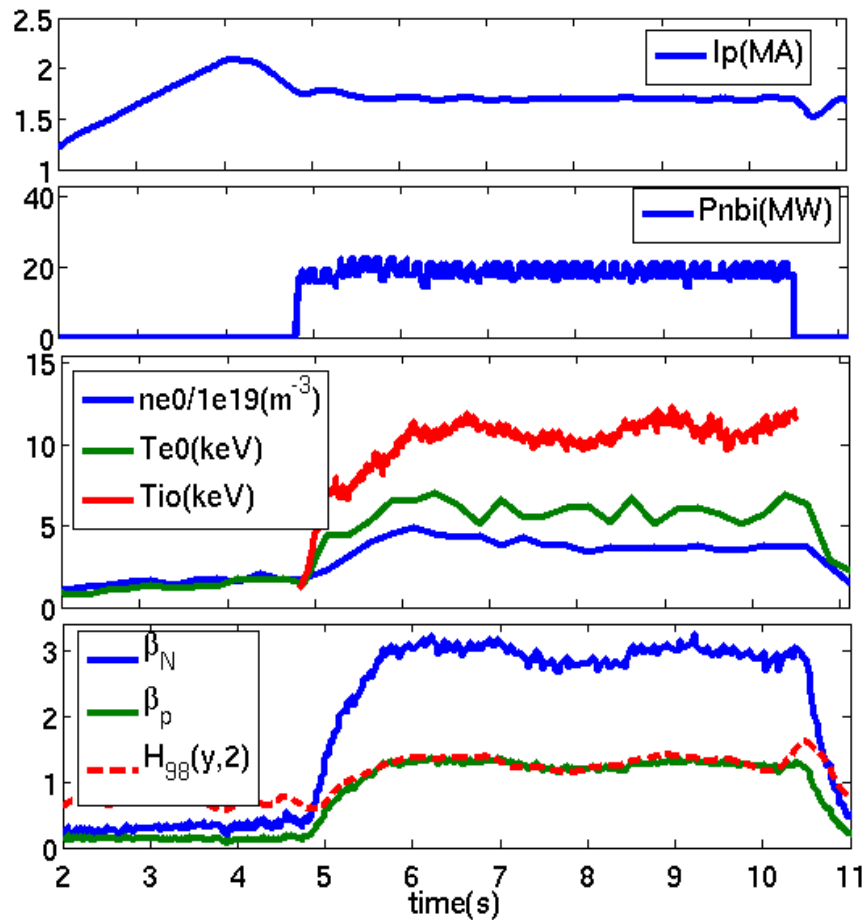
Electrostatic, s-alpha geometry

TGLF



Electromagnetic, Miller geometry

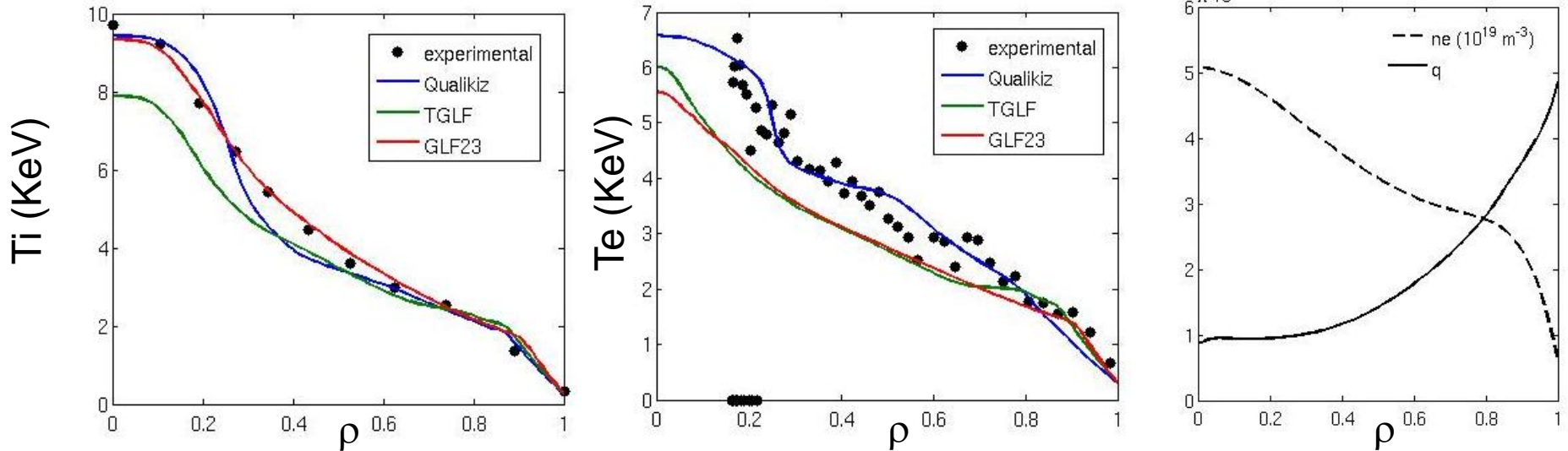
Qualikiz tends to be more stable in the central part of the plasma



I_p (MA)	1.7
B_t (T)	2.0
q_{95}	4.1
κ/δ	1.64/0.23
β_N/β_p	3.0/1.30
f_{GW}	0.45
$H_{98}(y,2)$	1.30
P_{nbi} (MW)	17

Low triangularity, low density hybrid

t = 6 s



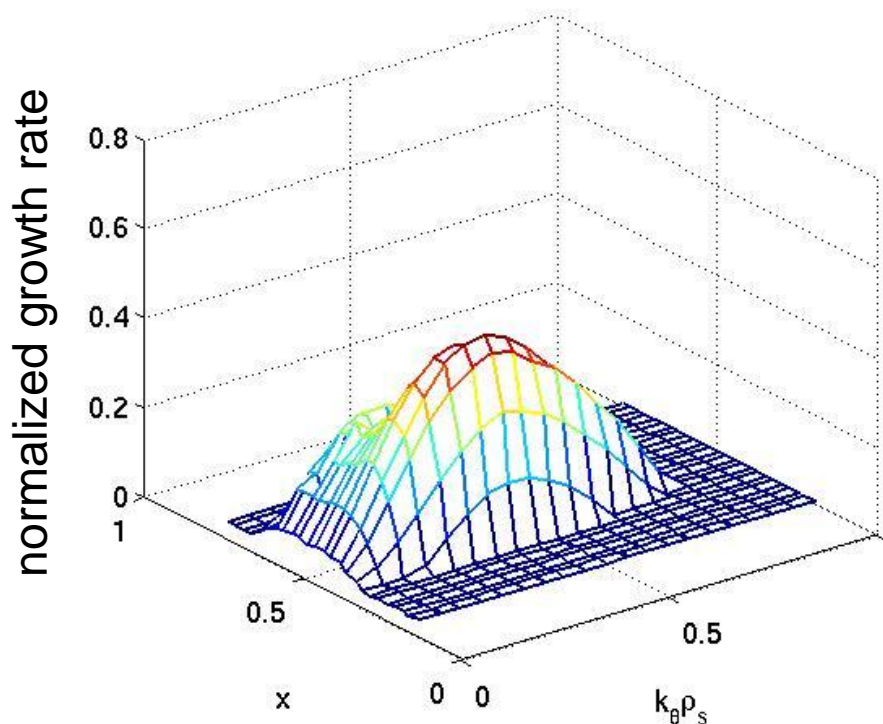
Low density, $\langle n_e \rangle = 3 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$

High rotation, $v_{\text{tor}} = 1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ rad/s}$

- **GLF23** is good to reproduce ions, and not too far from electron experimental profile
- **TGLF** underestimates ions (it doesn't include any rotation effect), it is similar to GLF23 for electrons
- **Qualikiz** overestimates the reduction of the transport in the centre for ions and electrons; in the electron pedestal region it doesn't reproduce the data

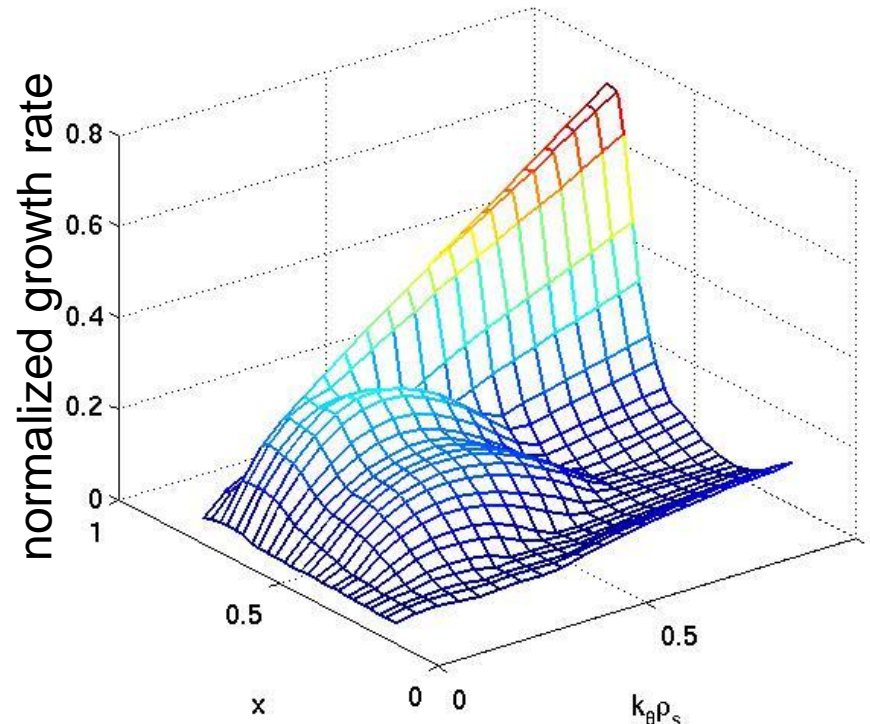
where $s = 0$ or s is high Qualikiz has problems; TGLF maybe better with the rotation effect?

Qualikiz



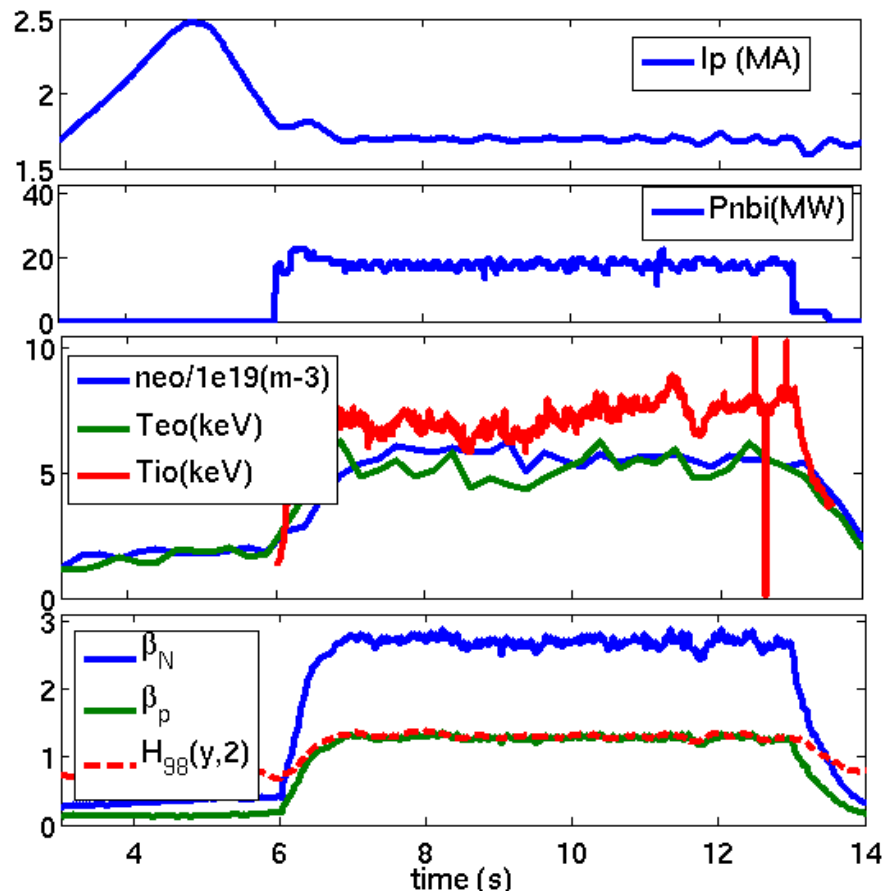
Electrostatic, s-alpha geometry

TGLF



Electromagnetic, Miller geometry

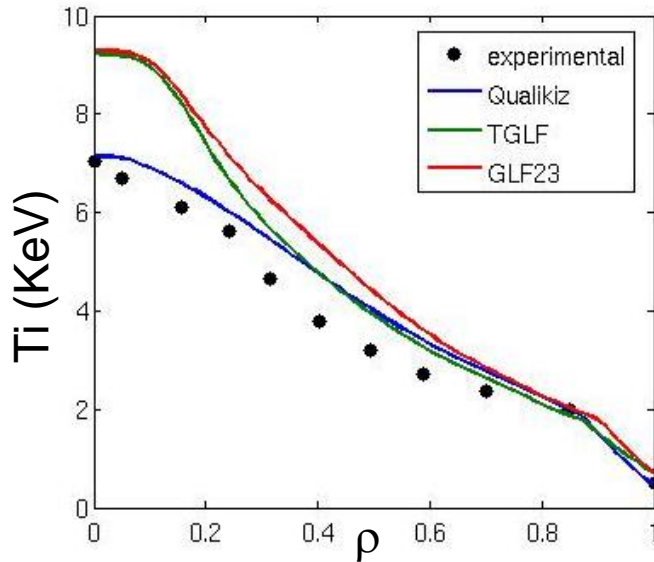
At $x = 0.3$ Qualikiz becomes stable, TGLF no



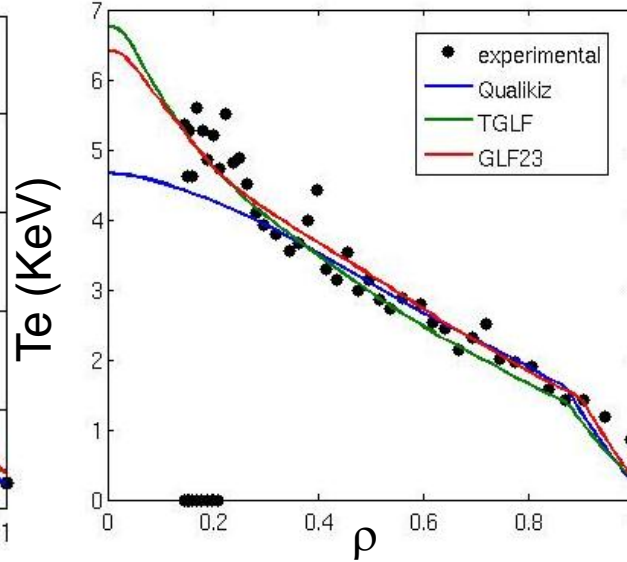
I_p (MA)	1.7
B_t (T)	2.3
q_{95}	4.3
κ/δ	1.7/0.38
β_N/β_p	2.7/1.2
f_{GW}	0.70
$H_{98}(y,2)$	1.20
P_{nbi} (MW)	17

High triangularity, high density hybrid

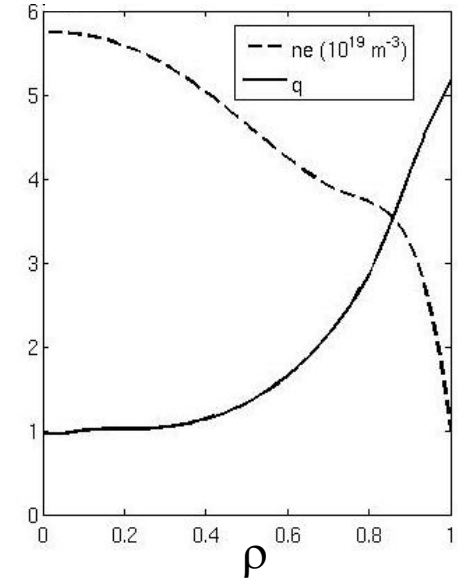
t = 7.6 s



High density, $\langle n \rangle = 4.3 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$



High rotation, $v_{\text{tor}} = 1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ rad/s}$

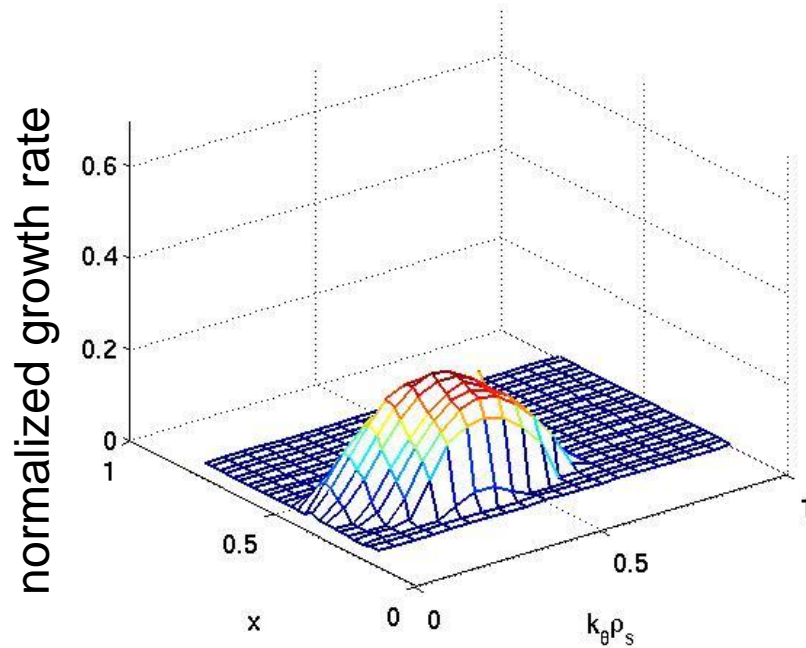


- **GLF23** overestimates ions, good for electrons
- **TGLF** better for ions than GLF23 in the core region, good for electrons
- **Qualikiz** better for ions, good for electrons in the core region

- Rotation seems not very important ->
need to redo simulations with TGLF with rotation effect

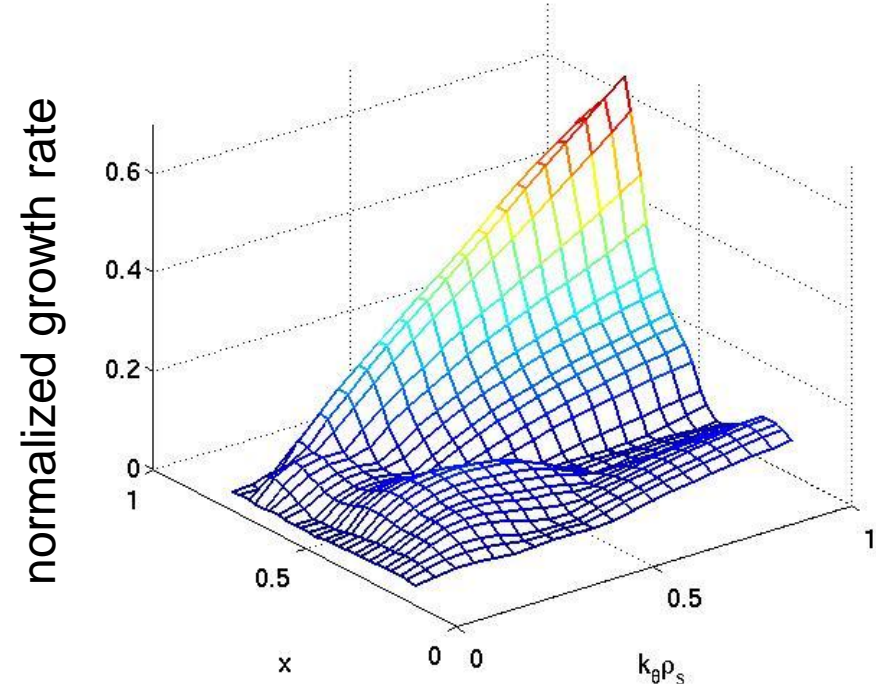
- role of geometry?

Qualikiz



Electrostatic, s-alpha geometry

TGLF



Electromagnetic, Miller geometry

In the core Qualikiz seems unstable as TGLF in the low k region

SIMULATIONS WITH CRONOS

- **H-MODES:**

good agreement of **TGLF** and **Qualikiz** with experimental data and **GLF23** simulations of heat;

next steps: - to investigate better **pedestal problems**;
- to include the evolution of the **density**.

- **HYBRIDS:**

ions: - **GLF23** gives the best agreement in 75225, the worst in 77922;
- **TGLF** without rotation underestimates the data in 75225, slightly overestimation in 77922;
- **Qualikiz** overestimates the reduction of the transport where $s=0$ in 75225, better in 77922.

electrons: - **GLF23** and **TGLF** underestimate the data in 75225;
- **Qualikiz** overestimates the reduction of the transport where $s=0$ and shows problems for high s ;
- agreement among the models in the core region for 77922.

next steps: - to simulate **other hybrids** shots, of JET and other machines in order to do a more systematic analysis;
- to include the effect of the **rotation in TGLF**.

SIMULATIONS WITH CRONOS

Problem: Qualikiz+CRONOS is much time demanding:

to simulate one shot for one s: 1.5-2 days needed for TGLF+CRONOS

2.5-3 weeks needed for Qualikiz+CRONOS

STAND ALONE SIMULATIONS

- **Comparison of TGLF and QuaLiKiz (fluxes and growth rates spectra)**

study of sensibility and dependence on geometrical and physical parameters:

- scans of s , R/L_T , T_e/T_i , v_{ei} , Z_{eff} based on the GA-standard case and compared with non linear GYRO expectations are in progress;
- scans on JET H_mode and hybrid discharges are foreseen.

Commissariat à l'énergie atomique et aux énergies alternatives
Centre de Cadarache | 13108 Saint Paul Lez Durance Cedex
T. +33 (0)4 42 25 46 59 | F. +33 (0)4 42 25 64 21

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